4 - 20 mA Amplified Series Melt Pressure Transmitters With Adjustable Zero & Span

This manual covers the following products:

DYN-X-MA, DYN-X-MA-TC

PT4604, PT4624, TPT4634

PT4184, PT4194, TPT4194

EPR4, EPR4-TC

PT4674, PT4654XL









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1. GENERAL

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1.1 IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This manual applies to 2 wire AutoZero transmitters only, which include:

DYN-X-MA

DYN-X-MA..TC

PT4604

PT4624

TPT4634

PT4184

PT4194

TPT4194

EPR₄

EPR₄

PT4674

PT4654XL

It must be kept near the equipment in a readily and immediately accessible location at all times.

The content of this manual must be read, understood and followed in its entirety. This applies in particular to the notes on safety. Following the safety instructions will help to prevent accidents, defects and malfunctions.

DYNISCO will not be held liable for any injury, loss or damage resulting from failure to follow the instructions in this manual.

If the product malfunctions, in spite of having followed the operating instructions, please contact the **DYNISCO** customer service department (see the back of the manual for contact information).

1.2 COPYRIGHT

Copyright law requires that this manual be used for in-house purposes only.

All reproduction, even partially and for in-house purposes, requires the approval of **DYNISCO**. This manual may not be forwarded to third parties.



1.3 EXPLANATION OF ICONS

The manual uses icons to indicate information pertaining to safety:

ATTENTION

Risk of destruction or damage to equipment, machines or installations



General danger to life or limb





Specific danger to life or limb



You MUST do this

The safety instructions are provided again in the individual chapters of the manual.

1.4 ABBREVIATIONS

The following abbreviations are used:

OM Operating manual

f.s. of full scale

PT pressure transmitter

1.5 CORRECT USE

The purpose of the 4-20 mA Aut Zero Amplified Pressure Transmitters is to measure pressure in plastic melt as part of an overall larger system. It contains an integral signal amplifier. The pressure transmitters are specified to be used in media temperatures up to 400° C, except for the oil filled transmitters (PT4194 and TPT4194), which are specified to 275° C continuous use and for NaK filled transmitters (B171 and B628 options), which are specified to 518° C.

If the PT is used in other applications, the safety and accident prevention regulations specific to that application must be followed.

When using the PT as a safety component in accordance with the EC Machine Directive, ANNEX IIc, the equipment manufacturer must take any necessary precautions to ensure that malfunctions of the PT cannot cause damage or injury.

1.6 USER'S OBLIGATIONS

The operator or owner of the larger overall system, e.g. a machine, is responsible for following the safety and accident prevention regulations that apply to the specific application.



2. NOTES ON SAFETY



The operator or owner of the larger overall system is responsible for following the safety and accident prevention regulations that apply to the specific application.



Toxic hazard!

The PT may contain a small amount of mercury (Hg) as its transmission medium. If the diaphragm is damaged, mercury may escape. Other configurations will contain NaK, a Sodium Potassium fill fluid, and others may contain a food grade oil. Both NaK and the food grade oil meet the requirements of the FDA and the USDA for food and medical applications.

Never transport or store the PT without the protective cap. Remove the cap shortly before installation.

If mercury or NaK is inhaled or swallowed, seek medical attention immediately!

Mercury is hazardous waste and must be disposed of in accordance with applicable laws. **DYNISCO** will accept defective PTs.

If mercury escapes, use airtight packaging!



When planning machinery and using the PT, follow the safety and accident prevention regulations that apply to your application, e.g.:

- EN 60204, Electrical equipment in machines.
- EN 292, Machine safety, general design guidelines.
- DIN 57 100 Part 410, Protection against electric shock.



Mounting and electrical connection of the PT must be done by specialists with EMC training, following all applicable regulations, and in **pressureless**, **voltage-free** condition with the **machine switched off**.

The machine must be secured against being switched back on!



Burn hazard!

The PT must be removed with the melt in molten condition. The PT can be very hot when removed.



Wear protective gloves!



3. TECHNICAL DATA

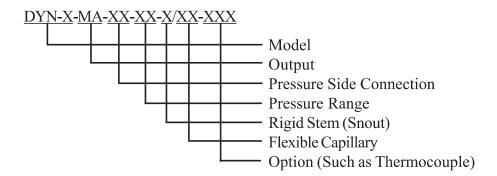
3.1	Ordering guides
3.1.1	Ordering guide for DYN-X-MA Series
3.1.2	Ordering guide for XPT46X4 Series
3.1.3	Ordering guide for XPT41X4Series
3.1.4	Ordering guide for EPR4 Series
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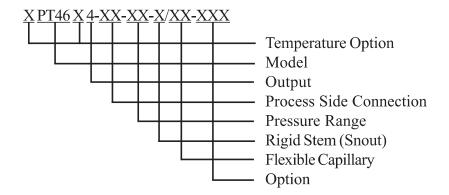
3.1 ORDERING GUIDES

The exact meanings of the letter/digit combinations are given in the corresponding sections of chapter 3.

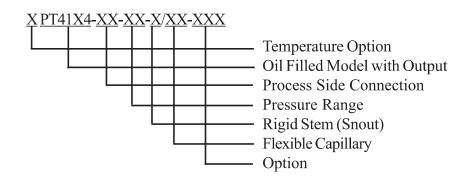
3.1.1 ORDERING GUIDE FOR DYN-X-MA SERIES



3.1.2 ORDERING GUIDE FOR XPT46X4 SERIES

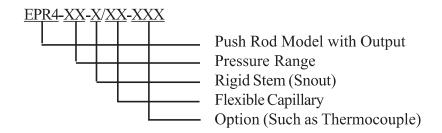


3.1.3 ORDERING GUIDE FOR XPT4184, XPT4194 SERIES

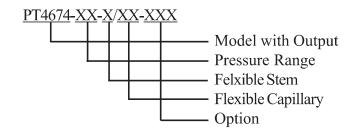




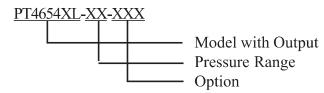
3.1.4 ORDERING GUIDE FOR EPR4 SERIES



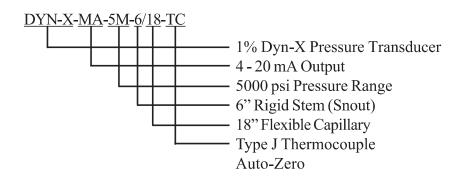
3.1.5 ORDERING GUIDE FOR PT4674



3.1.6 ORDERING GUIDE FOR PT4654XL



3.2 ORDERING EXAMPLE



3.3 PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

3.3.1 ACCURACY (COMBINED ERROR)

(Linearity, hysteresis and repeatability)



3.3.1A DYN-X-MA, DYN-X-MA-TC

±1.0% of full scale (0-500 psi and above)

3.3.1B PT4604, PT4624, TPT4634, PT4184, PT4194, TPT4194, EPR4, EPR4-TC, PT4674

±0.50% of full scale (0-500 psi and above)

3.3.2 RESOLUTION

Infinite

3.3.3 REPEATABILITY

±0.20% of full scale

3.4 MECHANICAL CONFIGURATIONS

DYN-X-MA = Rigid Stem or Rigid Stem with Flexible Capillary

DYN-X-MA-TC = Rigid Stem, Flexible Capillary and Thermocouple (Combined pressure and temperature

measurement)

PT4604 = Rigid Stem Version

PT4624 = Rigid Stem with Flexible Capillary

TPT4634 = Rigid Stem, Flexible Capillary and Thermocouple (Combined pressure and temperature

measurement)

PT4184 = Rigid Stem Version

PT4194 = Rigid Stem with Flexible Capillary

TPT4194 = Rigid Stem, Flexible Capillary and Thermocouple (Combined pressure and temperature

measurement)

EPR4 = Rigid Stem or Rigid Stem with Flexible Capillary

EPR4-TC = Rigid Stem, Flexible Capillary and Thermocouple (Combined pressure and temperature

measurement)

PT4674 = Jam Nut with Exposed Capillary with Flexible Capillary



PT4654XL = Jam Nut with Armored Capillary

3.5 PRESSURE SIDE CONNECTIONS

3.5.1 PRESSURE SIDE CONNECTION FOR DYN-X (DYN-X-MA-XX-XX-X/XX-XXX)

blank = 1/2-20 UNFM18 = M18 x 1.5

3.5.2 PRESSURE SIDE CONNECTION FOR XPT46X4 (XPT46X4-XX-XX-X/XX-XXX)

blank = 1/2-20 UNFM18 = M18 x 1.5

3.5.3 PRESSURE SIDE CONNECTION FOR XPT4184 & XPT4194 (XPT41X4-XX-XX-X/XX-XXX)

blank = 1/2-20 UNFM18 = M18 x 1.5

3.5.4 PRESSURE SIDE CONNECTION FOR EPR4 (EPR4-XX-XX-X/XX-XXX)

blank = 1/2-20 UNF

3.5.5 PRESSURE SIDE CONNECTION FOR PT4674 (PT4674-XX-XXX/XX-XXX)

1/2-20 UNF Jam Nut

3.5.6 PRESSURE SIDE CONNECTION FOR PT4654XL (PT4654XL-XX-XXX)

1/2-20 UNF Jam Nut

3.6 PRESSURE RANGES IN PSI

Model Number	Permitted Pi	ressure Range in PSI
5C 7.5C 1M 1.5M 3M 5M	0-500 0-750 0-1,000 0-1,500 0-3,000 0-5,000	(Excluding XPT4184, XPT4194, EPR4, PT4654XL) (Excluding XPT4184, XPT4194, EPR4, PT4654XL) (Excluding EPR4, PT4654XL) (Excluding PT4654XL)
<i>J</i> . • •	٥),٥٥٥	



7.5M	0-7,500	
10M	0-10,000	
15M	0-15,000	(XPT46X4, PT4674, PT4654XL only)
20M	0-20,000	(XPT46X4, PT4674, PT4654XL only)
30M	0-30,000	(XPT46X4, PT4674 only)

Other pressure ranges may be available. Please consult factory.

3.6.1 MAX. OVERLOAD (WITHOUT INFLUENCING OPERATING DATA)

DYN-X-MA 2 x full scale pressure

XPT46X4 2x full scale pressure or 35,000 psi, whichever is less

XPT4194 2x full scale pressure or 35,000 psi, whichever is less

EPR4 1.5x full scale pressure

PT4674 2 x full scale pressure or 35,000 psi, whichever is less

PT4654XL 2 x full scale pressure or 35,000 psi, whichever is less

3.6.2 BURST PRESSURE

6 x nominal value, max. 45,000 psi

3.6.3 NATURAL FREQUENCY

50 Hz [-3db]

3.7 STEM/FLEXIBLE STEM

3.7.1 RIGID STEM/FLEXIBLE CAPILLARY FOR DYN-X-MA, XPT46X4, XPT4184, XPT4194, EPR4

6 = 152 mm standard length for rigid version 6/18 = 152 mm stem length / 457 mm flexible stem

Other lengths available

3.7.2 EXPOSED CAPILLARY/FLEXIBLE CAPILLARY FOR PT4674

10/18 = 10" exposed capillary length / 18" flexible stem

Other lengths available

3.7.3 ARMORED CABLE FOR PT4654XL

28 = 28" armored capillary length (standard, is left blank in model code)

Other lengths available



3.8 ELECTRICAL DATA

Configuration 4-arm Wheatstone bridge strain gauge with int. amplifier

Output signal 2-wire 4 - 20 mA

Supply voltage 14-36 Vdc

Calibration function 80% + /-0.5% of full scale output by externally connecting pins E = CAL

and F = GND

3.9 TEMPERATURE INFLUENCE

Electronics housing

Max. housing temperature -25°C to +85°C

Compensated temperature o°C to +70°C

range

Zero shift due to temperature 0.02% f.s./10°C typical

change on electronics housing

Diaphragm (in contact with media)

DYN-X-MA, XPT46X4, EPR4, PT4674, PT4654XL

Maximum temperature 400°C (750°F)

at the diaphragm

XPT4184, XPT4194

Maximum temperature at the diaphragm

e 275°C (525°F) continuous use

Zero shift due to temperature change on the diaphragm

DYN-X-MA, XPT46X4, PT4674 25 psi/100°F typical (45 psi/100°C) XPT4184, XPT4194 25 psi/100°F typical (65 psi/100°C)

EPR4 1% f.s./100°F typical (2% f.s./100°C)

3.10 EMC REQUIREMENTS

Conforming to CE in accordance with EMC directive.

Emitted Interference DIN EN 50081-1 (residential area) Immunity DIN EN 50082-2 (industrial area)

3.11 MATERIALS

DYN-X-MA, XPT46X4, XPT4184, XPT4194, EPR4

Diaphragm 15-5PH Mat. No. 1.4545 DyMax[™] coated

Stem 17-4PH Mat. No. 517400

PT4654XL

Diaphragm Inconel 718

3.12 TORQUE

max. 56.5 Nm (500 inch-lbs.)

min. 11.3 Nm

(100 inch-lbs.)

3.13 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION TO IEC 529

PT housing without connector IP54 PT06A-10-6S (std connector) IP40 PT06W-10-6S IP64

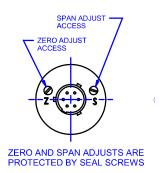
3.14 WEIGHT

1-2 lbs.

3.15 DIMENSIONS



Fig. 3-1 DYN-X-MA, PT4604, PT4184 Rigid Configuration



CONNECTOR WIRING		
PIN	FUNCTION	
Α	SIGNAL + / EXCITATION +	
В	SIGNAL - / EXCITATION -	
С	NO CONNECTION	
D	NO CONNECTION	
Е	INTERNAL CAL RESISTOR	
F	INTERNAL CAL RESISTOR	

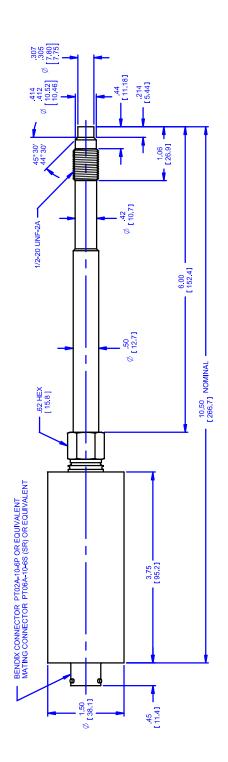
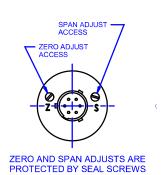




Fig. 3-2 DYN-X-MA, PT4624, PT4194 Rigid & Flex Configuration



CONNECTOR WIRING		
PIN	FUNCTION	
Α	SIGNAL + / EXCITATION +	
В	SIGNAL - / EXCITATION -	
С	NO CONNECTION	
D	NO CONNECTION	
Е	INTERNAL CAL RESISTOR	
F	INTERNAL CAL RESISTOR	

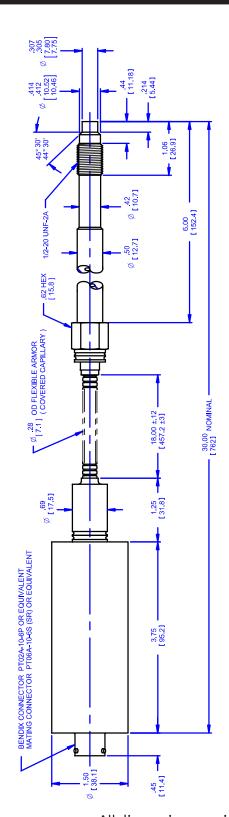




Fig. 3-3 DYN-X-MA-TC, TPT4634, TPT4194 Rigid, Flex & Temp Configuration 1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN [MILLIMETERS] 1.06 4-40 SET SCREW (THERMOCOUPLE LOCK) .88 HEX [22.4] ZERO ADJUST ACCESS ZERO AND SPAN ADJUSTS ARE PROTECTED BY SEAL SCREWS 18.00 ±.12 [457.2 ±3] Ø **0**0 ⊝0⊕ ⊝0⊕ 23.00 NOMINAL :584.2] CONNECTOR WIRING BENDIX CONNECTOR PT02A-10-6P OR EQUIVALENT MATING CONNECTOR PT06A-10-6S (SR) OR EQUIVALENT PIN FUNCTION MALE T/C CONNECTOR TYPE J SIGNAL + / EXCITATION + Α В SIGNAL - / EXCITATION -0 С NO CONNECTION D Ε INTERNAL CAL RESISTOR All dimensions are in inches (millimeters).



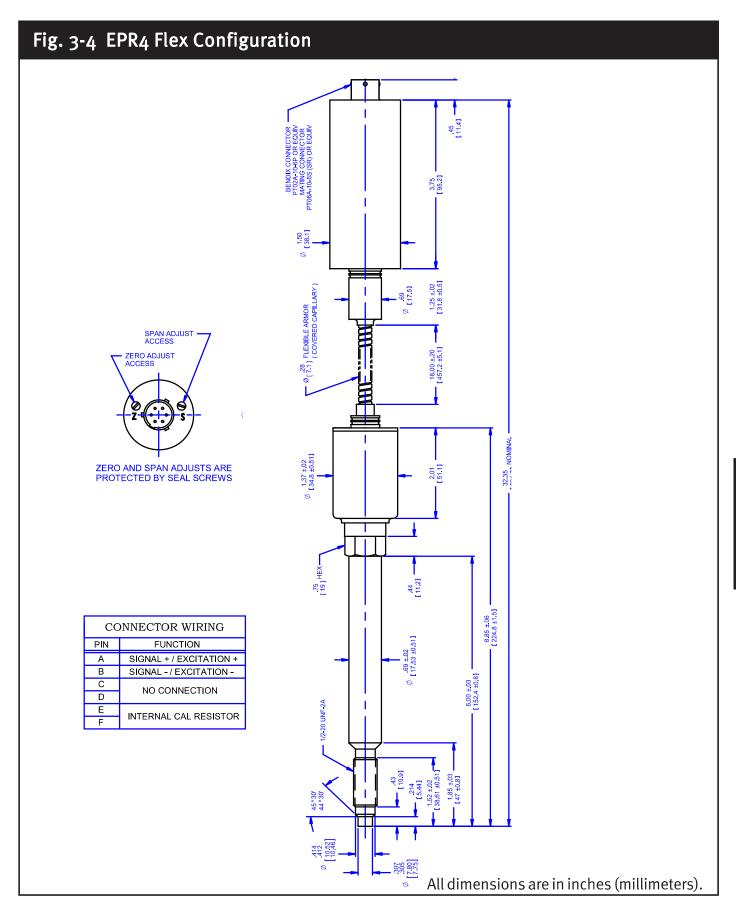
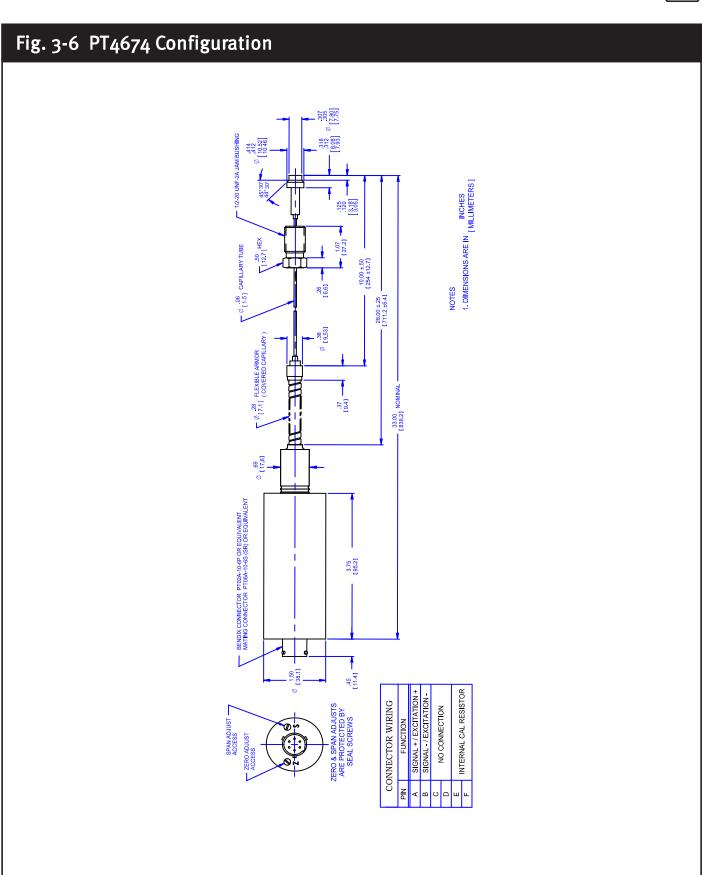


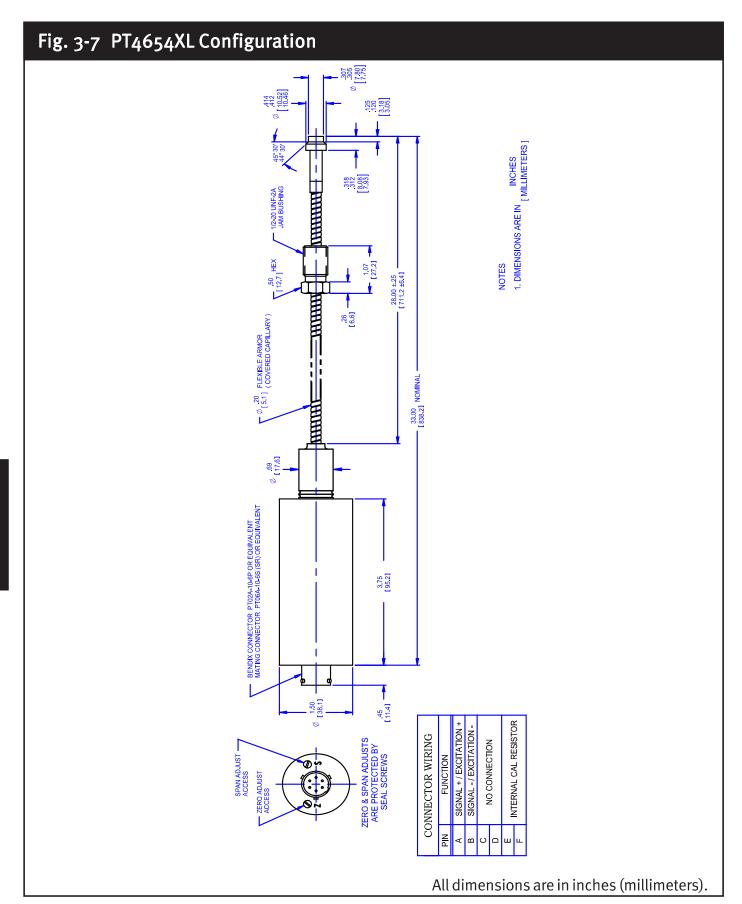


Fig. 3-5 EPR4-TC Rigid, Flex & Temp Configuration BENDIX CONNECTOR PT02A-10-6P OR EQUIVALENT MATING CONNECTOR PT06A-10-6S (SR) OR EQUIVALENT MALE T/C CONNECTOR TYPE 'U SPAN ADJUST ACCESS ZERO ADJUST ACCESS 18:00 ± 20 [457.2 ±5:1] ZERO AND SPAN ADJUSTS ARE PROTECTED BY SEAL SCREWS $\emptyset_{[5,3]}^{-21}$ FLEXIBLE ARMOR [Ø 1.37 ±.02 [34.8 ±0.51] .75 HEX-CONNECTOR WIRING PIN FUNCTION Α SIGNAL + / EXCITATION + SIGNAL - / EXCITATION -В С NO CONNECTION D Ε INTERNAL CAL RESISTOR











4. FUNCTION

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4.1 CONSTRUCTION

The PTs of the 4 - 20 mA Amplified series are industry standard.

The main advantages are:

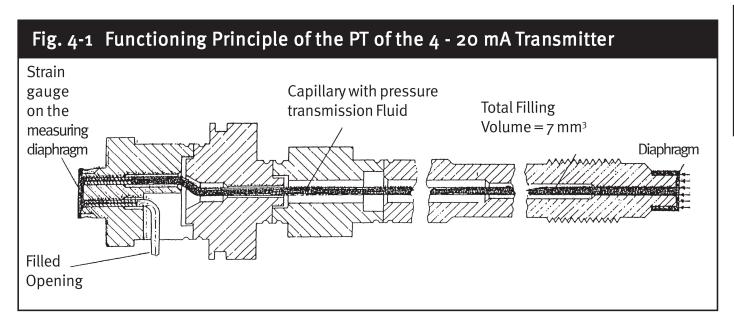
- manufactured under ISO9001:2000
- thermal stability
- resistance to aggressive media
- insensitivity to electromagnetic radiation (EMC)
- liquid-filled transmission system (mercury, oil or NaK)
- pressure measurements in plastic melt up to a temperature of 518°C

4.2 DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTIONS

Through a closed, liquid-filled pressure transmission system, the PT furnishes an electrical signal that is proportional to the pressure of the melt.

The pressure applied by the medium is forwarded to the measuring diaphragm and the liquid fill in the capillary. The deflection of the measuring diaphragm changes the resistance of the strain gauge bonded to the measuring diaphragm. The strain gauge is a Wheatstone bridge.

Depending on the model, the integrated amplifier generates and electrical signal (mA) proportional to the pressure.





TRANSPORT / DELIVERY 5.

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Toxic hazard!

The PT may contain a small amount of mercury (Hg) as its transmission medium. If the diaphragm is damaged, mercury may escape. Other configurations will contain NaK, a Sodium Potassium fill fluid, and others may contain a food grade oil. Both NaK and the food grade oil meet the requirements of the FDA and the USDA for food and medical applications.

Never transport or store the PT without the protective shell bolted in place. Remove the shell shortly before installation.

If mercury or NaK is inhaled or swallowed, seek medical attention immediately.

Mercury is hazardous waste and must be disposed of in accordance with applicable laws. **DYNISCO** will accept defective PTs.

If mercury escapes, use airtight packaging!

ATTENTION ESD sensitive component. Electrostatic discharge may damage the PT. Take ESD precautions.

TRANSPORT/PACKING/TRANSPORT DAMAGE 5.1

- Do not let the PT be damaged by other items during transit.
- Use only the original packaging.
- Report transport damage to **DYNISCO** immediately in writing.

5.2 STORAGE

- Store the PT in original packaging only.
- Protect against dust and moisture.

SCOPE OF DELIVERY 5.3

- PT with diaphragm protection cap
- Fastening clip (transmitter with flexible stem only)
- Calibration sheet
- Operating manual with declaration of conformity



6. **ASSEMBLY**

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	Checking the mounting hole	
6.3	Mounting the Pressure Transmitter	
6.4	Mounting PTs with flexible stem	_
•	Electrical connection	
6.5.1		
_	Connection assignments	



Ambient temperature for the electronics housing max. +85°C. Higher temperatures can result in damage and malfunction.

Do not install the pressure transmitter in places where this temperature is exceeded.

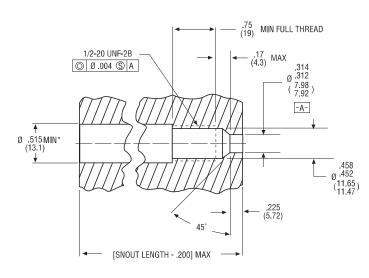
6.1 **MOUNTING HOLE**

To produce the mounting hole, use only **DYNISCO** machining tool kit (DYNISCO P/N 200925).

ATTENTION

Drill the mounting hole as shown in fig. 6-1, 6-2, 6-3, 6-4.

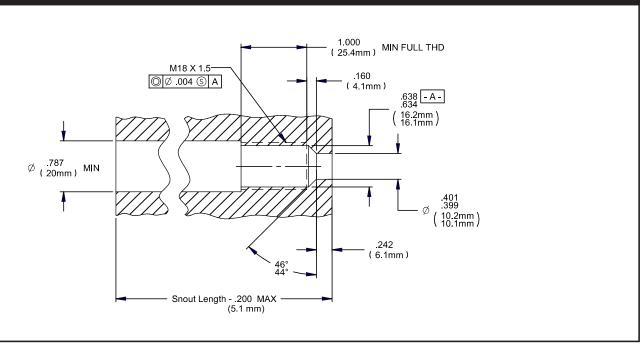


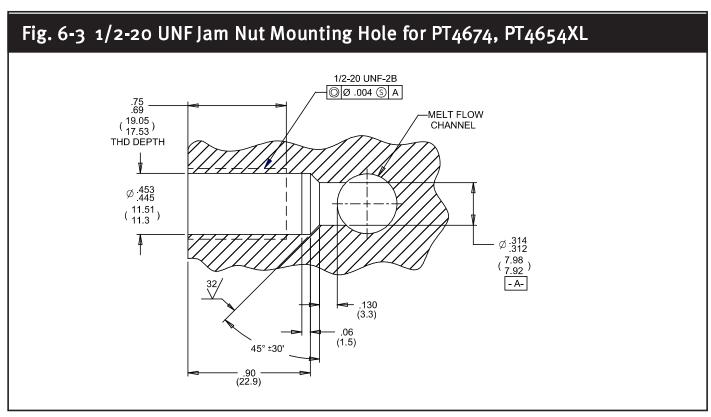


All Dimensions are in Inches (millimeters)
*For EPR Series Transducers this dimension should be .715 (18.2)



Fig. 6-2 M18 x 1.5 Mounting Hole for DYN-X-MA, XPT41X4, XPT46X4







When reworking the mounting hole, pay particular attention to the centricity of:

- the hole,
- the thread, and
- the sealing surface.

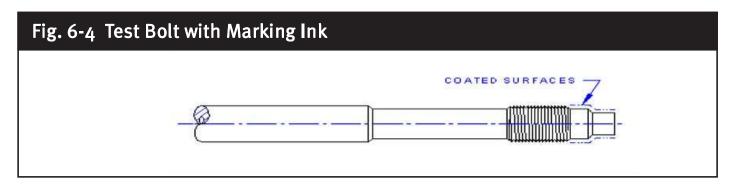
Pressure sealing takes place on the 45° beveled sealing surface and on the front cylindrical section of the PT (see figures 6-1, 6-2, 6-3).

The sealing surface must be:

- correctly machined
- free from marks and rough edges
- free from solidified plastic residue.

6.2 CHECKING THE MOUNTING HOLE

• Paint the test bolt DYNISCO on the marked area (figure 6-4, item 1) with marking ink up to the thread.



- Insert the test bolt in the mounting hole.
- Twist it in by hand until the two sealing surfaces make contact.
- Remove and examine the test bolt.

The only acceptable abrasion of marking ink is at the sealing edge (45°), evenly over the entire circumference.

If the ink has been rubbed off in other places as well rework the mounting hole.

6.3 MOUNTING THE PRESSURE TRANSMITTER



Mounting and electrical connection of the PT must be done by specialists with EMC training, following all applicable regulations, and in **pressureless**, **voltage-free**, **intrinsically safe** condition with the **machine switched off**.

The machine must be secured against being switched back on!





Toxic hazard!

The PT may contain a small amount of mercury (Hg) as its transmission medium. If the diaphragm is damaged, mercury may escape. Other configurations will contain NaK, a Sodium Potassium fill fluid, and others may contain a food grade oil. Both NaK and the food grade oil meet the requirements of the FDA and the USDA for food and medical applications.

Never transport or store the PT without the protective shell bolted in place. Remove the shell shortly before installation.

If mercury or NaK is inhaled or swallowed, seek medical attention immediately.

ATTENTION

ESD sensitive component. Electrostatic discharge may damage the PT. Take ESD precautions.

ATTENTION

Before mounting the PT, check the mounting hole carefully. The PT must only be mounted in holes that satisfy the requirements stipulated in chapter 6.1. A hole that does not satisfy these requirements can damage the PT.

ATTENTION

Before mounting the PT, ensure that the mounting hole is free from plastic residue. Remove plastic residue with the **DYNISCO** cleaning tool kit. A test bolt is included with this cleaning set.

ATTENTION

To prevent the PT from sticking permanently in the mounting hole, coat the thread section of the transmitter with high temperature resistant grease or a suitable parting agent.

- Check the mounting hole with the test bolt, and clean with cleaning set if necessary.
- Coat the thread section of the transmitter with high temperature resistant grease or a suitable parting agent.

ATTENTION

Always use a torque wrench applied to the designated hexagon collar when screwing the PT in and out. Do not apply the tool to the housing or housing / sensor connection!

ATTENTION

Maximum mounting torque 500 inch-pounds for 1/2-20 UNF transmitters. If the mounting torque is too high, the PT may be damaged or its zero point may shift.

Screw the PT into the mounting hole and tighten.



6.4 MOUNTING PTS WITH FLEXIBLE STEM

Mounting a PT with a flexible stem to the pressure sensor is done analogously to the procedure in 6.3.

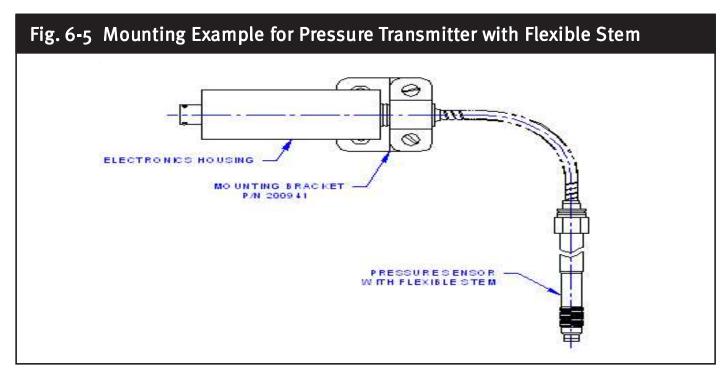
ATTENTION Avoid kinking or crushing the flexible stem.

Minimum bending radius

- 1" (25 mm) for protected capillary
- **0.08" (2 mm)** for unprotected capillary (PT4674)

The connector must be easily accessible (on connector versions).

- Mount the electronics housing of the PT with the fastening clip. See mounting example in figure 6-5.
- Additionally secure the flexible stem between the electronics housing with a standard cable clip.



6.5 ELECTRICAL CONNECTION



Mounting and electrical connection of the PT must be done by specialists with EMC training, following all applicable regulations, and in **pressureless**, **voltage-free**, **intrinsically safe** condition with the **machine switched off**.

ATTENTION

The machine must be secured against being switched back on! ESD sensitive component. Electrostatic discharge may damage the PT. Take ESD precautions.



ATTENTION

Avoid laying the power cable in the direct vicinity of cables carrying higher voltages or switching inductive or capacitive loads.

ATTENTION

An EMC compliant power supply must be used. The electrical connection must comply with EMC requirements.

If the electrical connection is not made as described in chapter 6.6, or if cables / cable ATTENTION connectors / cable glands other than those stipulated by DYNISCO are used, DYNISCO cannot guarantee that EMC requirements will be satisfied.

EMC / CE COMPLIANT CONNECTION 6.5.1

- Ground the machine element with the screw-in trunnion / mounting hole for the PT in accordance with regulations. The PT must be connected to earth via the screw-in trunnion / mounting hole.
- Connect the shield of the connecting cable on both sides, making sure it conducts with full and continuous contact.
- When introducing the connecting cable into an EMC compliant switch cabinet, for example, connect the shield correctly (cable gland, conducting, full contact, continuous) to the conductive housing or route it via built-in cable connector that is also connected to the conductive housing.
- Connect unused cable cores or free cable ends correctly to the cable shield on both sides.

6.6 **CONNECTION ASSIGNMENTS**

Connection assignments for standard 4 - 20 mA transmitters, including:

DYN-X-MA, XPT46X4, XPT41X4, EPR4, PT4674, PT4654XL

PIN	Designation	
Α	Signal (+)	A
В	Signal (-)	/ F• •B \
C	NC	(
D	Auto-Zero	\ E• •C /
Ε	Shunt Cal	, b
F	Ground	

The connector housing is connected conductively to the housing of the PT.

To activate Auto-Zero without using the push button, cross pins D & F. To activate Shunt Calibration, cross pins E & F.



7. COMMISSIONING

7.1	Supply voltage	29
	Calibration	-
7.3	Zero adjustment	29
-	, and the state of	_
	Operation	_

ATTENTION Before putting the PT into operation, make sure the PT is securely mounted and sealed.

7.1 SUPPLY VOLTAGE

ATTENTION

Using a supply voltage which is different from the stated in the technical specifications of has reversed polarity can damage the PT or cause it to malfunction.

Please read the entire manual prior to installation and use.

7.2 CALIBRATION CHECK

It is not neccessary to calibrate the PT, as it has already been calibrated at the factory. These 4 - 20 mA Series of amplified pressure transmitters have an internal calibration signal. Connecting terminals E and F switches the calibration signal to the signal output. It is 80% of the full scale pressure of the transmitter.

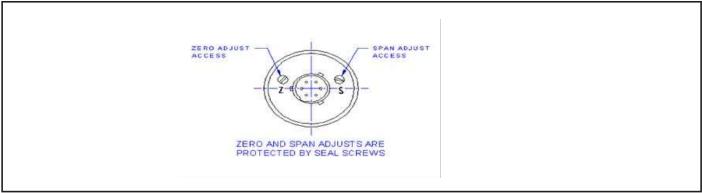
ATTENTION

If desired, check the factory calibration in pressureless state and at room temperature. Other temperatures may provide incorrect data.

7.3 ZERO ADJUSTMENT

The 4-20mA Amplified series may have an internal calibration signal. Connecting terminals E and F switches the calibration signal to the signal output. It is 80% of the full scale pressure of the transmitter (B300 option must be specified).

ATTENTION Calibrate in pressureless state and at room temperature. Other ambient temperatures will corrupt the signal. Use an adjustment screwdriver!





The adjustment is made at two potentiometer screws on the top of the electronic housing.

- Remove the cap screws from the potentiometers.
- Connect a meter or suitable instrument to the signal output to verify the settings.
- Adjust zero at potentiometer adjusting zero screw and verify on meter.
- Connect terminals E and F. The calibration signal is connected to the output.
- Adjust calibration value (80% of full scale pressure) at potentiometer adjusting span screw and verify on the meter.
- Check the zero setting again.
- Repeat the zero adjustment and calibration value as necessary.

ATTENTION

7.4 ZERO ADJUSTMENT OF OIL-FILLED SENSORS

Description

An oil-filled sensor has the advantage of being non-toxic and therefore compliant for many food, medical or other critical applications. A disadvantage of an oil-filled system is that the organic oil fill can degrade over time at high temperatures. Over a period of months and continuously operating at elevated temperatures (>275°C / 525°F), some long chain molecules in the oil can degrade and generate gas molecules. While in continued operation, these gases remain in solution in the oil and have no effect on the performance of the sensor. However, if/when the sensor is returned to room temperature and zero pressure, the gas may come out of the solution (outgas) over a short period of time (minutes to hours), creating a bubble(s) in a closed fill system. At non-operating room temperature and zero pressure, the gas exerts a small additional pressure (on the order of 50-100 psi) and results in an apparent increase in the Zero Output. Therefore, the gas offset error represents a higher percentage effect in lower versus higher pressure range systems. The actual magnitude will depend on the percentage of oil which has degraded over time at temperature.



When the sensor is returned to operation with increased pressure and temperature, the gas bubble(s) will go back into solution. Testing has shown that the gas is typically reabsorbed with temperatures exceeding 100°C / 212°F. With the gas reabsorbed, the sensor is reading the true pressure at specified accuracies. When the sensor is installed and brought to operating temperature and before applying pressure, it can then be re-zeroed without any impact on the calibration accuracy.

Recommended Zero Adjustment

Prior to performing a zero adjustment, it is recommended that the system is installed and the equipment brought to process temperature (<100°C) at or near zero pressure. This will allow any gas to be absorbed into the oil and eliminate offset effects.

If a zero adjustment is conducted at less than 100°C (e.g., bench calibration test port), briefly pressurize to >/=150 psi/10 bar, then depressurize the system prior to performing the zero adjustment. Pressurizing followed by depressurizing will temporarily allow any gas to be absorbed into the oil and eliminate offset effects. Verify that the zero output value will be repeated by reapplying pressure to >/ =150 psi/10 bar followed by depressurizing.

OPERATION 7.5

[ATTENTION] Before starting the machine, wait until the melt medium at the diaphragm of the PT has reached its operating/processing temperature. If the machine is started before the medium reaches its operating temperature, the PT will be damaged. If it is hard to tell when the operating temperature has been reached, use a combined PT with thermocouple.

[ATTENTION] Depending on the fill type, operating temperature at the PT diaphragm is max. 400°C (752°F) for mercury filled transmitters. Operating temperature at the PT diaphragm is max. 275°C (525°F) continuous operation for food grade oil filled transmitters. Operating temperature at the PT diaphragm is max. 518°C (1000°F) for NaK filled transmitters. Temperatures higher than the maximum recommended temperatures will damage the PT.



Ambient temperature for the electronics housing **max.** +85°C. Higher temperatures can result in damage and malfunction.

Do not install the pressure transmitter in places where this temperature is exceeded



8. MAINTENANCE

8.1	MAINTENANCE	
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8.2	Thermocouple/RTD replacement	32
8.1	Maintenance	32

A

Mounting and electrical connection of the PT must be done by specialists with EMC training, following all applicable regulations, and in **pressureless**, **voltage-free**, **intrinsically safe** condition with the **machine switched off**.



The machine must be secured against being switched back on!



Burn hazard!

The PT must be removed with the melt in molten condition. The PT can be very hot when removed.



Wear protective gloves!

ESD sensitive component. Electrostatic discharge may damage the PT. Take ESD precautions.

Always remove the PT before cleaning the machine with abrasives or steel wire brushes or suchlike.

ATTENTION Before removing the PT, the medium must be in molten condition.

ATTENTION Removing the transmitter with the medium in solidified condition can damage the diaphragm of the PT.

ATTENTION Do not clean the screw-in section of the PT with hard objects. This will damage the PT!

Always use a torque wrench applied to the designated hexagon collar when screwing the PT in and out. Do not apply the tool to the housing or housing/sensor connection!

- Remove the PT.
- Carefully clean the diaphragm of the transmitter with a soft cloth, while the medium is still malleable.

8.2 THERMOCOUPLE/RTD REPLACEMENT

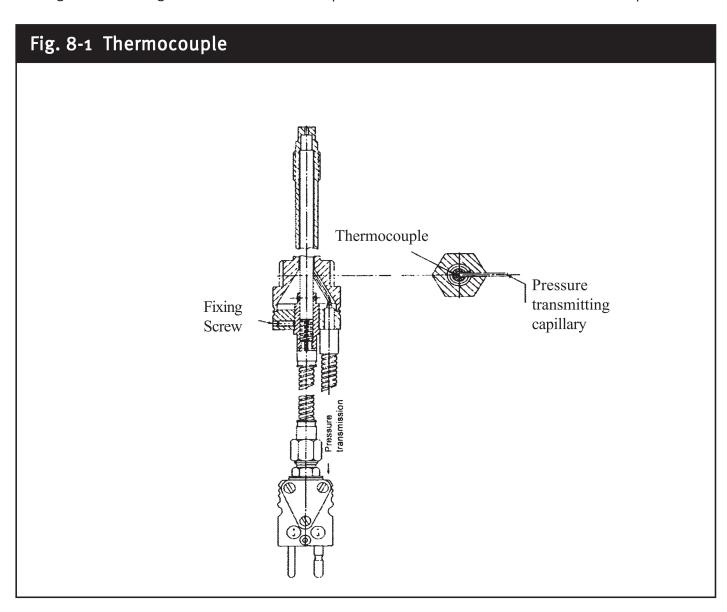


A defective thermocouple is easy to replace.

- Loosen the hexagon socket screw at the top end of the sensor stem.
- Remove the defective thermocouple from the probe stem.

[ATTENTION] When fitting the new thermocouple, the pressure transmitting capillary must be located in the slot of the thermocouple.

- Insert the new thermocouple all the way into the probe stem.
- Tighten the hexagon socket screw at the top of the sensor stem to secure the thermocouple.





8.3 REPAIR/DISPOSAL



Toxic hazard!

The PT may contain a small amount of mercury (Hg) as its transmission medium. If the diaphragm is damaged, mercury may escape. Other configurations will contain NaK, a Sodium Potassium fill fluid, and others may contain a food grade oil. Both NaK and the food grade oil meet the requirements of the FDA and the USDA for food and medical applications.

Never transport or store the PT without the protective cap. Remove the cap shortly before installation.

If mercury or NaK is inhaled or swallowed, seek medical attention immediately!

Mercury is hazardous waste and must be disposed of in accordance with applicable laws. **DYNISCO** will accept defective PTs.

If mercury escapes, use airtight packaging!

Please send defective PTs to your **DYNISCO** representative.

For addresses, see the back cover of the operating manual.

8.4 WARRANTY

This DYNISCO product is warranted under terms and conditions set forth in the DYNISCO web pages. Go to www.dynisco.com and click "warranty" at the bottom of any page for complete details.

9. ACCESSORIES

- Machining tool kit 1/2"-20UNF-2A P/N 200295
- Cleaning tool kit 1/2"-20UNF-2A P/N 200100
- Machining tool kit M18 x1.5 P/N 200105
- Cleaning tool kit M18 x1.5 P/N 200101
- Mounting Bracket P/N 200941



10. TROUBLESHOOTING

10.1 TROUBLESHOOTING

Fault	Possible Cause	Resolution
No signal	Cable breakage or poor contact	Check cable and contact, or replace
	No supply voltage	Check supply voltage
Strong zero shift when screwing in	Mounting hole incorrectly produced (alignment error) Mounting torque too high	Check hole with test bolt, rework with tool if necessary Adjust to recommended mounting torque
No signal change despite pressure rise	Plug forming in front of diaphragm	Check mounting hole; remove solidified plastic
	Diaphragm damaged	Send pressure transmitter to DYNISCO for repair
	Gas bubble in oil fill	Re-zero according to section 7.4



11. CE DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

DYNISCO Europe GmbH Wannenäckerstrasse 24 74078 Heilbronn Germany

Tel: +49 (0) 7131.297-0 Fax: +49 (0) 7131.23260 Web: www.dvnisco.com

E-Mail: DyniscoEurope@Dynisco.com



INNOVATING FOR EFFICIENCY

HERSTELLERERKLÄRUNG DECLARATION OF MANUFACTURER

im Sinne der EG – Richtlinie Druckgeräte 97/23/EG conforming to Pressure Equipment Directive (PED) 97/23/EC

Die Drucksensoren der Typenreihen The pressure transducer series

> IDA, MDA, MDT, PT, DYNA4, TDA, TDT TPT, EMT, EIT LDA, EPR, MRT, X1/2xxx, 8xx, S/E242/243, IPX, SPX

sind entwickelt, konstruiert und gefertigt in Übereinstimmung mit den Vorgaben der EG-Richtlinie 97/23/EG in alleiniger Verantwortung der are designed and produced in accordance with the requirements of PED 97/23/EC under the sole responsibility of

> Firma Dynisco Europe GmbH, Wannenäckerstr. 24 D-74028 Heilbronn

Die oben angeführten Drucksensoren-Serien mit Druckbereich bis 1000 bar sind nach geltender guter Ingenieurpraxis (GIP) ausgelegt und werden in Übereinstimmung mit derselben hergestellt.

Above mentioned pressure transducers with a range up to 1000 bar/14.505 PSI are designed and produced in accordance with Sound Engineering Practice (SEP).

Das darauf angebrachte CE-Zeichen bestätigt lediglich die Übereinstimmung mit der Richtlinie 89/336/EG, Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit.

The CE-mark on the transducer declares only the conformity with EC-Directive 89/336/EC, Electromagnetic Compatibility.

Heilbronn, den 29.05.2002

Lorenz Kirberich

Marketing- und Sales Manager

Hans Mayer Quality Control Manager





Visit us on the world wide web:

DyniscoLLC 38 Forge Parkway Franklin, MA 02038 USA

Tel: +1 508 541 9400 Fax: +1 508 541 9436

Email: InfoInst@dynisco.com

Dynisco Extrusion 1291 19th St Ln NW Hickory, NC 28601

Tel: 828-326-9888 Fax: 828-326-8882

Email: InfoExtr@dynisco.com

Dynisco Europe GmbH Wannenäckerstraße 24 74078 Heilbronn Deutschland

Tel: +49 7131 2970 Fax:+49 7131 23260

Email: DyniscoEurope@dynisco.com

Dynisco Instruments S.a.r.l. 466, rue du Marché Rollay 94500 Champigny sur Marne France

Tel: +33 1 4881 8459 Fax: +33 1 4881 8334

Email: DyniscoFrance@dynisco.com

Dynisco.s.r.l. Via Adriatico, 2/2 20162 Milano Italia

Tel: +39 02 661 01733 Fax: +39 02 661 02908

Email: DyniscoItaly@dynisco.com

Dynisco UK Ltd. Silver Birches Business Park Aston Road, Bromsgrove Worcestershire B6o 3EU Great Britain

Tel: +44 1527 577077 Fax: +44 1527 577070

Email: DyniscoUK@dynisco.com

Dynisco SPOL, S.R.O. cp. 579 756 55 Dolni Becva Czech Republic

Tel: +42 0571 647228 Fax: +42 0571 647224

Email: Dynisco_cz@ova.pvtnet.cz

Dynisco B.V. Weidehek 53A 4824 At Breda The Netherlands

Tel: +31 (0) 76 549 0530 Fax: +31 (0) 76 549 0540

Email: Dynisco-BV@dynisco.com

